

# THE U. F. A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF  
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA

Vol. II

CALGARY, ALBERTA, MARCH 15, 1928

No. 5

## Are We Making Full Use of Our Association?

By Stephen Lunn.

I have been wondering, like most other members of the U. F. A., why we had such a big drop in membership last year. It is a subject that calls for serious consideration, as the success of our Association is judged by the number of our members.

### WHEN NEED IS GREATEST

A good many reasons have been advanced from time to time and the one that seems to be most common is that of "hard times". It seems to me that this is the very reason that should not exist, as one cannot conceive any greater need for our Association than when times are bad. I could quite understand a drop in membership if times were good and money plentiful, but when everything seems to be against the farmer, and he is not able to help himself individually, then one would naturally expect a large membership to try and overcome some of the difficulties.

When we consider the amount of money that we have invested in our farms and the poor returns that we make out of that investment, and then consider the amount that others make out of what we produce, and also the price that the consumer has to pay, it makes one wonder why members do not keep in good standing in an Association that was founded to try and better conditions for all.

It has always seemed to me that there is something wrong somewhere when every year the majority of secretaries have to go out and seek the dues of the members. One would imagine that the farmers joined the Association to obtain certain objectives, and that they would stay with it until all these objectives were reached. What is the reason why they become indifferent and often quit? Is it because they lose faith in their Association or lose touch in what it is doing?

### WEAKNESS IN LOCAL MEETINGS

I believe that one great weakness lies in the Local meetings. They are so often barren of results. Members meet from time to time and they do not seem to see any results from what they do, and they are apt to judge the Association from the results obtained by their Locals.

Since the U. F. A. was organized, and especially during the term of our present President, we have built up a large and splendid organization, one that ought to be able to do a tremendous amount to help the farmers in their business, and one cannot help wondering if we are making as much use of that Association as we should, and if we are obtain-

ing the results that we are justified in expecting. My own opinion is that we are not, and I will try to show on what grounds that opinion is based.

### NEED TO CONCENTRATE

The policy of our Association, and I believe that it is the only one that a democratic association such as the U. F. A. can work under, is to work from the bottom up. That policy can be abused, however. Our Association has Locals scattered all over the settled parts of the Province, and these Locals meet and discuss what is of interest to them in their locality. The results of this are very noticeable in the resolutions that are sent to the Annual Convention. Some will demand that there shall be an immediate reduction in taxation and the next one will ask for something that can only be obtained by extra taxes. This would almost justify one in assuming that we are not in certain as to what we want. My own opinion is that we shall have to concentrate and put the whole force of the U. F. A. behind one objective at a time. There are so many large problems that are of vital importance to us all, such as the need of a better marketing system for our produce, the need of a Wheat Pool, the financial situation, a better system of handling our livestock, and many others.

### THE STANDING COMMITTEES

An important move in this direction was made by the Board of Directors at their first meeting this year, when they appointed Standing Committees. The duties of these committees will be to investigate ways and means of improving conditions in their departments, and also to take up, with the proper authorities, any matter that may be necessary during the year. If a report of the work of these committees could, from time to time, be sent to the Locals for discussion, it would be of great help, and it would then be possible to have the whole membership tackling these problems at the same time.

Owing to the state of our finances at present this work will be badly handicapped. The remedy for this is obvious. The position of the farmer is getting worse every day and the only ones that can or will change this position are the organized farmers. We may just as well face the fact that we have got to improve our business ourselves, and let us get busy and do it.

If our members realize that we are after something definite at all times, there will not be any difficulty about

(Continued on page 14)



STEPHEN LUNN  
Director for Pincher  
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## EDITORIAL

As announced elsewhere in this issue, the Committee of the House of Commons on Banking and Commerce has agreed, subject to the approval of the House, to a thorough investigation into the basis, function and control of financial credit.

It is too early to predict that a genuine inquiry into fundamental questions will be carried out. There are many powerful interests anxious to boycott or sidetrack investigation. But the decision of the Committee marks a distinct gain. The broadening of its field of inquiry to include, not merely the revision here and there of a clause in the existing Bank Act, but the examination of the basis of the financial and credit system itself, is due to the efforts of a few members of the House, most of them from Alberta, who first brought the subject of credit reform to the notice of Parliament in 1922, and have again pressed for action this session. This gain has been made in the face not only of the active opposition of certain interests, but of the indifference and cheap satire of newspapers and members of the House who confuse lack of knowledge with "practicality".

It is impossible to review in detail here the instructive debates which have taken place on this subject in the House. But it is interesting to note, as the columns of Hansard show, that more than one of the speakers was able to quote the authority of such well-known financial men as Lord Milner and Reginald McKenna, former British chancellor of the exchequer, in support of the case for reform.

Whatever measures of temporary relief may be adopted, these measures can have little value in the long run, unless they are based upon a thorough understanding of the nature of the evils from which agriculture and industry suffer in common. If the opportunity to institute a thorough inquiry into the causes of the evil of periodic inflation and deflation is allowed to pass, we may, to quote Lord Milner, "settle down to tolerate it just as we do the vagaries of the weather, and wait until the malady reaches an acute stage, whereupon we shall get into a flurry and suddenly improvise committees to look out for a palliative. Would it not be better to try and strike at the root of the evil, or at least to discover it?"

If we seek to discover the root of the evil we cannot get usefully distant from solid ground.

The Ottawa Citizen, which has always shown a keen insight into Parliamentary tendencies, discusses in a recent issue the role which is being played in the House of Commons by the great majority of the U. F. A. representatives.

"It is of course natural that the Farmer and Labor members in the House of Commons should be regarded as radical," says the Citizen editorially. "They have departed from the old order of centralized control of party funds. They are less susceptible, in consequence, to the pressure of the party whip. They are more ready to discuss economic questions that may be disturbing to the financial hierarchy. In the present House the group from Alberta is regarded as being more radical, or as some worshippers at the shrine of established things would say, more extreme."

The Citizen goes on to point out that under such conditions

the "other parties" are willing to seize upon any opportunity to flatter a member who, "having tasted of the fruit of the tree of Parliamentary respectability, aspires to associate himself with the moderates, so-called, of the other parties," and are ready "to welcome him with the most cordial display of political gush."

The editorial continues, "It is somewhat amusing to observe the naïveté of such claims to moderation. They are merely accepted as moderate in this Parliament because, in comparison with the more advanced ideas of other members, they seem to be lagging behind in the forward push of the group from Alberta. In the last House, some sentiments that are applauded as moderate today would have been denounced as extreme and almost dangerous. But such is, apparently, the mode of progress in politics. Some pioneers must break the trail, for which they rarely receive public recognition or appreciation. Others follow when the path has been smoothed out for them. They enjoy the plaudits and draw forth the approval of the slower moving rear ranks in the procession, and thus plume themselves upon having attained to the status of moderate men."

The announcement in the last issue of "The U. F. A." of a series of articles by U. F. A. members of the House of Commons has aroused much interest among our readers. The first of this series, by William Irvine, described the new-born aggressiveness displayed in the present session. Alfred Speakman writes in this issue, and J. T. Shaw will contribute to the issue of April 1st. Robert Gardiner, chairman of the U. F. A. members, will be the next contributor. H. E. Spencer, as secretary of the group, has a large volume of correspondence to attend to, and it is unlikely that he will be able to contribute so long as the session lasts. It will be remembered that he gave a very graphic and instructive account of the work of Parliament in "The U. F. A." after the close of the session of 1932. Mr. Speakman is the elected U. F. A. representative on the Parliamentary committee of the former members of the House.

The Financial Post announces that Canadian capitalists are looking to Mexico as a more profitable field for investment than Canada. Without questioning the right of these gentlemen to do as they like with their money, it would be interesting to know how many of them subscribed to the famous Made-in-Canada campaign, in which the plain people of Canada were appealed to on patriotic grounds to "keep their money at home."

In an autocracy the art of government is simple. It is more complex in a modern pseudo-democracy, in which the pretense of self-government must be maintained while the reality is withheld. But its complexity is mitigated by the division of the people into contending parties, both of which are controlled from above, by means more or less indirect. The problem of government is made easier by the concentration of power in the hands of those who, in large measure in their own interests, manipulate the party machinery. Democratic government is the most difficult. It requires for its successful conduct close co-operation among the people themselves, co-ordination of effort, and an understanding, not merely of the operation of political machinery—a comparatively simple matter when the people have taken it into their own hands—but also of the far more difficult problem of co-operative commerce, and of public affairs in the widest sense. This problem the Alberta farmers are seeking to solve.

"What do we all seek? New outlets for an increasing and ever-increasing commerce, and for industries which producing far more than they can consume or sell, are constantly hampered by an increasing competition. And then? Why? New areas for trade are opened by common effort. Even the Nations, for reasons of interest, can make treaties to enter into 'commonwealths'."—Marshall Field, in an article on "The Principles of War," United Service Magazine, December, 1915.

# Farmer Members Organize for the Work of the Parliamentary Session

By Alfred Speakman, U.P.A. Member for Red Deer.

The Progressive group in the Federal Parliament, which includes the ten U. P. A. members who form the Alberta wing of the movement, have already found the benefit of their year's experience, and are much better qualified to carry on their work than at the commencement of their first session. The very keynote of success in Parliamentary, as in many other lines of work, is organization, through which co-operation may attain that which is impossible to individual effort.

## Executive Committee

Probably the greatest step in that direction was the formation of the executive committee, which, with our leader, performs the duties which were to a great extent carried on by Mr. Cresser last year. This, while in the nature of an experiment, has proved most successful, as it enables each member of the group to feel that he has through his representative a direct voice in every matter under consideration. This committee was formed by the members from each Province electing their own representative, while the chairman, Mr. Forke, was chosen by a vote of the group as a whole.

In choosing our chairman the members all felt the loss sustained in the retirement of Mr. Cresser, whose Parliamentary experience and knowledge of public affairs had been of so much value to us during the past year, but we have come to feel that in Mr. Forke we have a most worthy successor. He has already demonstrated sound judgment, coupled with a disposition to respect the opinions of others, which has won for him the confidence and regard not only of the Progressive members, but of the House as a whole. The executive meets under Mr. Forke's chairmanship daily, sometimes several times a day, and no step is taken without full discussion and careful consideration.

## Provincial Conferences

In addition to this each Provincial representative holds frequent conferences with the members from his own Province, thus enabling him adequately to voice their views. The work of the committee is Parliamentary, not political, it being generally recognized that the Federal members' work is legislative, and that economic organization should not be discussed. Moreover, Parliamentary duties, taken seriously, leave little time for such matters, the discussion of which, in the opinion of the Alberta members at least, properly belongs to the constituency organizations.

In the performance of their duties both the committee and the members as a whole have received considerable assistance from "Tommy" Weyling, secretary of the group, who is kept constantly at work securing Parliamentary and department information. We find Mr. Weyling not only capable and energetic, but an enthusiastic proponent of our ideas. His yearly salary is paid by assessment upon the Federal Progressive members, there being no organization fund available for such purposes.

## Pacific Terminal Facilities

The actual work of the session is now well under way, a number of important matters having already been considered, among them being the question of increased terminal facilities at Vancouver, a vote of \$5,000,000 having been passed and the contract let. This will be good news for many of our Alberta farmers, who are looking westward for the solution of some of their transportation problems. If this is supplemented by some equalization of freight rates, it will materially aid in the marketing of this year's crop, and will prove a great factor in the control of lake rates also.

Another matter of importance was the discussion on credits, both general and rural. A request was made for a special committee to investigate the matter, but it was finally turned over to the standing committee on banking and commerce. The most striking feature of

A good deal of interest will centre in the committee on redistribution, which commences its sittings shortly. It is there the divisions will be outlined, and no doubt many problems will present themselves, one of the most important of which will be the unit of representation allotted to urban and rural constituencies. Local conditions will come up for discussion also. With four more representatives from Alberta the people must be prepared for many changes in existing districts, as well as the carving out of new constituencies. This, however, can be better discussed when the committee has made its report. In connection with this, it is interesting to note the attitude of the House toward P. R., which, although defeated for the time being, received a good measure of support, while the alternative vote was almost unanimously agreed to, and will no doubt be used at the next general election.

It is probable that before this article is in print, all the committees will have got to work, and it is well to emphasize the fact that it is in the committees the most important part of the work is done, and that the most useful member may not be the one who fills the greatest number of pages in Hansard, but the man who faithfully and intelligently attends to his committee work, where witnesses are heard, evidence taken, and the measures coming before the House are framed. It is not too much to say that Alberta Progressives are most conscientious in the performance of their duties, and are giving their time, their energy, and what ability they possess in an endeavor to adequately represent the people of their own districts, and to take some part in the up-building of a united and prosperous Canada.

## PREPARING FOR ELECTION.

"It has already come to our knowledge from reliable sources that there is at the present time preliminary organization being carried on by the Liberal party looking forward to the next election," states E. A. Van Slyke, secretary of the Red Deer U.P.A. Federal Constituency Association, in a circular letter to all secretaries in the riding. "Therefore, it certainly behooves us to keep our Association up to strength not only to be able to meet them in case of an election, but to give confidence to the men we elected a year ago."

"One of the Western members was speaking before a certain club on the matter of credit, and in conversation with him a few days afterwards a banker said, 'What surprised me' was the fact that you dared.' I can only say that any member who knows of an injustice and does not dare to speak out in the proper place has no right on the floor of this House."—H. E. Spencer, M.P., in the House of Commons.

H. G. Wells' "Outline of History" has been adopted as a text book in the state educational institutions of Kansas.



ALFRED SPEAKMAN, M.P.

this debate was the apathy displayed by the majority of the members of the House, and in that connection it might be pointed out that the greatest barrier in the way of improved and fairer conditions in this country, particularly in the West, is the lack of knowledge on the part of many, although not all, of the Eastern members as to the actual state of affairs existing in a large part of Canada, and their absolute indifference when such matters are under discussion. One of the greatest needs of the present time is a more complete knowledge on the part of the people's representatives, and indeed of the people themselves, as to conditions in other parts of Canada than their own. This greater knowledge would render more possible the co-operation, without which our economic problems cannot very well be solved. One ray of hope will be found in the fact that in the next Parliament the West will be more fairly represented than at present.

# The Canadian Banking System

By John W. Ward, Secretary of the Canadian Council of Agriculture

## PART FOUR

Generally speaking, the volume of current loans of the banks in Canada corresponds approximately to the savings deposits. Deposits on current account, being constantly drawn upon by depositors for use in their business, cannot be safely employed in loans for an extended period and consequently are partly held in reserve and partly loaned on call, that is, subject to immediate repayment when demanded by the bank. Call loans are usually made on the security of stocks and bonds and are utilized largely by speculators on the stock exchanges. The larger banks make call and short loans in New York as well as in Canada.

The course of savings deposits and current loans in Canada and also the note circulation during 1920, 1921, and the first nine months of 1922 are shown in the table below. The figures given under the heading "note circulation" represent the total of bank and Dominion notes issued, less the amount of Dominion notes on deposit in the Central Gold Reserve:

Month	Savings Deposits	Current Loans	Note Circulation
1920			
Jan.	\$1,103,297,597	\$1,224,963,943	\$477,478,184
Feb.	1,187,927,593	1,351,615,562	404,831,541
Mar.	1,197,719,570	1,359,267,592	446,965,418
April	1,208,521,749	1,367,351,230	434,899,353
May	1,224,052,515	1,395,979,361	422,456,132
June	1,243,764,577	1,395,161,493	476,421,143
July	1,252,128,445	1,377,370,832	485,795,682
Aug.	1,261,647,793	1,365,174,153	437,134,029
Sept.	1,279,194,697	1,471,609,054	434,656,391
Oct.	1,271,278,761	1,495,461,737	461,478,675
Nov.	1,265,695,668	1,537,675,110	465,729,115
Dec.	1,293,667,488	1,591,201,246	458,623,072
1921			
Jan.	1,161,066,759	1,564,696,469	421,395,548
Feb.	1,214,525,652	1,394,755,182	476,177,632
Mar.	1,215,141,196	1,590,999,737	484,177,692
April	1,210,832,514	1,591,146,847	505,768,035
May	1,216,702,913	1,577,616,751	577,545,097
June	1,258,770,672	1,555,615,958	594,344,461
July	1,264,154,748	1,557,949,821	594,696,521
Aug.	1,279,039,731	1,558,467,764	551,697,734
Sept.	1,280,767,867	1,573,637,357	586,576,117
Oct.	1,251,521,529	1,548,748,516	589,364,416
Nov.	1,262,217,194	1,576,101,834	609,345,777
Dec.	1,249,597,568	1,574,652,424	607,591,729
1922			
Jan.	1,252,166,491	1,128,161,458	516,466,778
Feb.	1,271,849,011	1,143,428,429	577,646,956
Mar.	1,258,676,849	1,164,187,649	526,162,739
April	1,279,786,545	1,167,107,325	558,671,619
May	1,302,738,747	1,046,676,558	525,668,658
June	1,291,484,153	1,117,444,767	514,534,769
July	1,176,793,713	1,104,132,754	528,426,828
Aug.	1,164,666,498	1,092,446,832	547,676,574
Sept.	1,158,467,586	1,114,678,735	575,523,937

It will be observed that throughout 1920, which was a period of high prices and great business activity, current loans in Canada exceeded savings deposits. In 1921, however, a year of depression and falling prices, particularly for farm products, the banks did not lend as freely, and current loans and discounts were below savings deposits throughout the year. This condition has continued until the present time. It will also be noted that since the fall of 1920 there has been a gradual decline in all the figures shown above. In the last two years bank loans have been reduced by over \$200,000,000.

### The Bankers' Profile

The average amount of current loans in Canada during 1921 was \$1,346,518,360, and if the interest charged on these loans averaged 7 per cent, it means that the borrowers paid the banks \$97,221,278 in interest in 1921. In addition, call and short loans by the banks in Canada averaged \$109,542,623, and allowing an interest rate of 6 per cent this business

Previous numbers in this series appeared in the issues of "The U. F. A." of December 1st and 15th last, and in the issue of March 1st. The next chapter will describe the relationship between deposits and the loans which they create, the question of the so-called statutory limit on interest rates, and the role which is filled by the Canadian Bankers' Association.

would yield the banks \$6,572,557. Loans to municipalities averaged \$77,140,465 for the year, which at 4 per cent, would yield \$4,629,427, while the Provincial Government borrowings averaged \$12,806,347, which at 6 per cent would bring the banks \$768,580. These figures total \$99,199,642. In round figures it may be estimated that the people of Canada paid to the banks in interest charges in the year 1921 approximately \$100,000,000.

### What Did the Banks Pay?

What did the banks pay for the money on which they earned this large amount of interest?

The average of the monthly figures for savings deposits for 1921 was \$1,289,347,061. On these deposits the banks paid interest at 3 per cent. This interest, however, is only paid on the minimum monthly balance of each depositor, which means that if money is deposited after the beginning of one month and withdrawn before the end of the next month no interest is allowed. This appreciably reduces the interest paid by the banks and if the actual rate on the average deposits is calculated at 2½ per cent, this means that the banks in 1921 paid their depositors \$35,457,544 for the use of the money which they loaned to

borrowers for approximately \$100,000,000. Out of the margin of over sixty-four million dollars, plus their revenue from other sources, such as their foreign business, exchange, interest on securities, etc., the banks, of course, had to meet their operating expenses and provide for any losses they may have sustained. The net profit of the banks, as shown by their respective annual statements, for the 12 months' period nearest to the calendar year 1921, exclusive of the Merchants Bank, amounted to \$22,244,022.86. From this the banks paid in dividends to their shareholders \$15,297,183.39, leaving \$6,946,839.47 to be otherwise disposed of.

### Disposition of Profits

In the two tables printed at the foot of this page details concerning the paid-up capital, reserve, and profits, and the rate of dividend of the various chartered banks are given. The balance of the profits, not accounted for in these tables, was disposed of as follows:

Aided to Reserve Funds	\$1,315,485.50
Contingencies and Depreciation	1,181,181.85
Written off Premises Account	1,171,800.56
Dominion and Provincial Governments Taxes	1,081,473.91
Officers' Pension Funds	481,505.33
Officers' Guarantee Funds	51,500.00
Grants to Universities	11,660.68
War Memorial	16,000.00

\$7,000,128.12

Less Reduction in Amount Carried Forward to Profit and Loss

\$5,450.04

\$1,549,707.47

Note—The figures of the Bank of Montreal are for the year ending October 30, 1921, which was prior to the absorption of the Merchants Bank. The Bank of Montreal increased its paid-up capital to \$7,500,000, and its reserve fund to the same figure.

(To be continued)

## CANADIAN BANK PROFITS 1921

Bank	Paid-up Capital	Reserve	Profits
Canadian Bank of Commerce	\$12,000,000.00	\$12,000,000.00	\$1,114,184.79
Dominion Bank	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	1,185,181.84
Bank of Montreal	5,000,000.00	4,510,000.00	650,672.12
Bank of Nova Scotia	4,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	429,602.39
Home Bank	3,500,000.00	3,500,000.00	275,713.39
Imperial Bank	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	1,285,333.64
Molson's Bank	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	182,279.75
Bank of Victoria	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	3,849,796.51
Bank of Western Canada	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	691,922.43
La Banque Nationale	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	5,111,721.48
Bank of Nova Scotia	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	425,643.67
Provincial Bank	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	4,027,876.49
Royal Bank	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	185,211.55
Standard Bank	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	368,674.22
Bank of Toronto	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	528,255.15
Union Bank	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,945,334.54
Western Security Bank	525,000.00	525,000.00	65,625.77
Total	\$518,525,719.20	\$518,525,719.20	\$22,244,022.86
Average profit on paid-up capital, 18.72 per cent; on combined capital and reserve, 3.12 per cent.			

## CANADIAN BANK DIVIDENDS, 1921

Bank	Rate of Dividend	Amount
Canadian Bank of Commerce	12 plus 1	\$1,350,000.00
Dominion Bank	12 plus 1	786,000.00
Bank of Montreal	12	585,602.39
Bank of Nova Scotia	12	400,000.00
Home Bank	7	197,184.34
Imperial Bank	12 plus 1	310,000.00
Molson's Bank	12	491,000.00
Bank of Victoria	12 plus 1	2,080,000.00
Bank of Western Canada	12	510,000.00
La Banque Nationale	12	1,532,000.00
Bank of Nova Scotia	6	264,754.15
Provincial Bank	12 plus 1	2,825,876.47
Royal Bank	12	355,111.55
Standard Bank	12	464,274.22
Bank of Toronto	12	530,000.00
Union Bank	12	800,000.00
Western Security Bank	7	46,719.38
Total		\$15,297,183.39
Average rate of dividend on capital, 12.37; on capital and reserve, 2.31.		

# The Provincial Secretary's Page

Information for Officers and Members.

## Wiping Out the Deficit

Total Received to Date in Response to Convention's Appeal is \$480.58

We are glad to report that there has been already a response from a number of Locals to the appeal which the Convention decided to have made for contributions towards the wiping out of the deficit which occurred in 1931, owing to the extraordinary activities of the Association in that year. The total received to date is \$480.58. If all the Locals contributed at the same rate as those from whom contributions have been already received, the deficit would be promptly wiped out, and the organization would be in a much better position to go forward and face the new problems which are confronting the farmers of the province.

### Contributions Acknowledged

Collected at Convention	\$271.50
Swan Hill No. 470	10.00
Brookstown No. 410	10.00
Blackfalds No. 254	10.00
Ridgeway No. 39	10.00
Strathmore No. 376	5.00
2 R's Junior	11.00
Sunset Valley No. 963	8.00
Prosper No. 187	11.00
Bainville No. 492	10.00
Coules View No. 870	10.00
Heatherton No. 914	7.00
Earle Valley No. 1024	7.50
J. Waite	6.00
Ardene No. 293	7.00
Ridgwood No. 513	12.00
Roadford No. 232	6.00
Quincy No. 131	28.50
Ardenville No. 249	5.00
Longbeach No. 681	10.00
Butte No. 612	5.00
Stavely U.F.W.A. No. 180	10.00
Regby No. 327	10.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$480.58</b>

### BATTLE RIVER MEETINGS.

A. F. Anken, director for Battle River Constituency, recently completed a series of meetings in Vermilion, Wainwright and Alexandra districts. These meetings were arranged by the directors of the Provincial constituencies, and those which were well advertised were very successful, in spite of cold weather. C. Ekst, of Vermilion, accompanied Mr. Anken, and spoke on the banking question. All the Locals visited by Mr. Anken, with one exception, report that prospects are good for increased membership this year.

### TO HELP CLEAR DEFICIT.

To secure funds for a contribution towards the 1931 deficit, the Millerville Local has decided to put on a concert in the near future. A number of well-attended meetings have been held during the winter, and a program of pertinent topics has been laid down, including Community Leagues, Good Citizenship, Active Co-operation, What the U.F.A. Should Try to Accomplish, etc. Speaking on the last subject, the secretary, Mrs. Pugh, gave a short address. She referred to the amount of the membership fee, and contended that this was of less importance than the determination of the individual to put his farm on a paying basis. This could only be done by united effort,

and, although rain could not be secured at will by the organization, improved marketing conditions, which were obtainable, would put the farmers in a much better position to withstand unfavorable seasons.

### C. N. R. EXTENSIONS

Central Office has received a letter from Sir Henry Thornton, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Canadian National Railways, acknowledging the receipt of resolutions forwarded by the United Farmers of Alberta in regard to the completion of the Macleod-Pincher Creek line, the Calgary Southern line, the Hudson Bay Railway, the St. Walburg-St. Paul de Metis line, and the Big Valley-Lovena line.

Sir Henry Thornton in his reply states that the question of constructing additional branch lines for the Canadian National Railway is a matter that is now receiving careful consideration.

### BIG RESULTS FROM DRIVE.

Nightingale Local held a membership drive recently which resulted in an increase in numbers from 14 to 50. The petition received from a meeting held in Calgary of holders of C.P.R. irrigated lands, asking that the terms be extended to 36 years, was read, discussed, and ap-

proved. This Local purchased coal for members during the winter, and are now considering the co-operative purchase of feed and seed grain.

### SETTLE THE SMALL TALK.

In a circular letter to the members of the Medicine Hat U.F.A. Federal Constituency Association, urging members to pay their dues both to the U.F.A. and the Constituency Association, P. H. Wedderburn, secretary of the association, says: "Members have no doubt seen the question of the finances of the U.F.A. discussed in the newspapers. Let us settle this small talk by paying up, and at once too. Remember what Medicine Hat has done in the past. Do not let us fail in the future. We have our reputation at stake. We have the most aggressive organization in the Province, let us keep the lead."

### UNDERSTAKE CO-OPERATIVE BUYING

Mooswa Local reports that, while their membership has fallen off in numbers, they still have with them all those who have been actively interested in the organization. They have begun co-operative buying of necessities, and are planning to build a hall of logs, for meetings and community purposes.

## Call for New Legislation to Replace Drought Relief Act

Interests Concerned in Farmers' Indebtedness Held Important Conference in Calgary, Under Chairmanship of Drought Relief Commissioner—  
Resolving Plan Rejected.

Repeal of the present Drought Relief Act, and the adoption in its place of new legislation to protect the interests of debtors and creditors throughout the Province, in cases where such protection is needed, was asked at a conference held in the Board of Trade rooms, Calgary, on March 8th. It appeared to be the feeling of many of the persons present that the new legislation should be administered in a similar manner to the present act, though the commissioner might be given powers which he does not now possess. At the close of the conference it was decided to form a permanent organization, to be known as the Alberta Committee of Commerce and Agriculture, to meet from time to time to discuss the problems of debtor and creditor.

The conference was arranged by E. J. Fream, Drought Relief Commissioner, and was attended by representatives of various financial and business interests. President Wood, H. E. G. H. Schofield, Vice-President, and George Berington, represented the U. F. A. at the conference.

### Condition Well Known

President Wood pointed out that the condition of the farmers was well known, and what they wanted was well known, and what they wanted was well known. They wished to pay their debts, but many of them were unable to do so, and under present conditions he did not know how they could meet their obligations. They were anxious to know what the interests concerned were prepared to do.

A proposal for the funding of farmers' debts over a term of years was able presented by W. M. Merriam of Lucky Strike. He advised the creation of a funding company, of which debtors and creditors would be members, to take over indebtedness and extend payment over a period of from 30 to 40 years, at a reasonable rate of interest. He described the very serious conditions prevailing in many parts of the south country, and said that if such an arrangement were made the farmers of the south would pay every cent due their creditors.

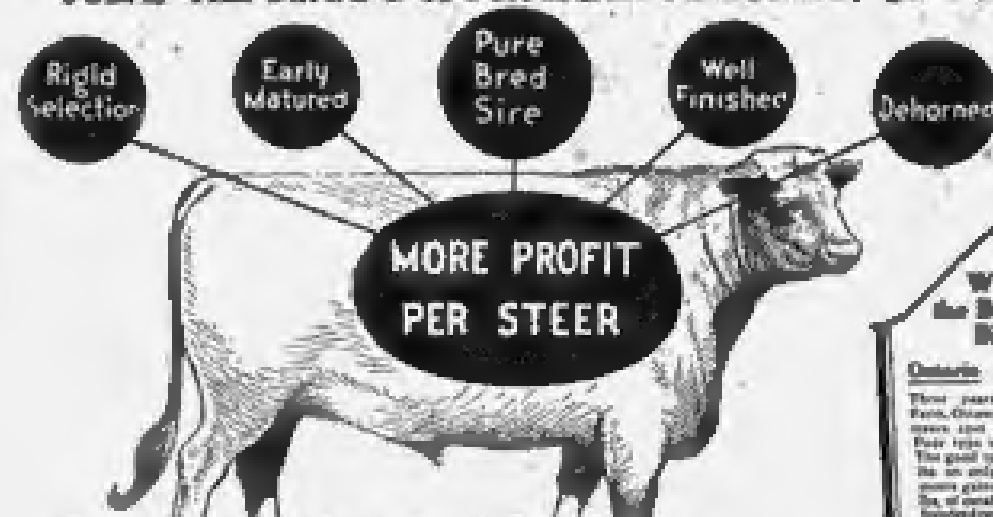
E. J. Hutchings, representing the Canadian Credit Men's Association, thought the funding scheme unworkable, and J. B. Corbett, representing the bankers, also opposed the scheme. He stated that as the bankers' parent associations were in Montreal, it would be necessary to confer with them before any important new departure could be agreed to. The funds of the banks were largely the property of the depositors, and the banks could not enter into an agreement to tie up their depositors' funds.

A. W. Trickey, speaking for the Implement Dealers' Association, said that in a term of thirty years the asset in machinery in the hands of a debtor would have disappeared, and the dealers would have no security, while Mr. Critchley, representing the lumber dealers, thought that amplification of the Drought Relief Act to meet a temporary situation was the most desirable plan.

(Continued on page 11)

# It Pays to Produce the Kind of Steer the Markets Want

TODAY THE DEMAND IS FOR EARLY MATURITY, QUALITY and FINISH



**Good breeding and feeding  
will make you money in 1923**

CANADA is producing too many rangy and leggy beef cattle. Out of a yearly average of 865,882 cattle which passed through the Canadian stockyards in the last five years, less than 175,000 a year were of good butcher quality and weight! Less than one out of every five!

Our markets—the British, American and home market—all demand high-class beef. The only way to make money is to produce what the market wants. And the only way to produce well-finished, blocky beef cattle is to use a good bull.

It's in these days of low prices especially, that the pure bred sire proves his worth. In the pened alongside are lots that show how much more profitable are steers from pure bred sires than ordinary steers. It's the quality of the steer that counts. The good feeder steer may cost a little more, but he makes bigger gains, costs less to feed, shows a bigger net profit.

The Department has backed its faith in improved breeding by investing over \$100,000 in pure bred bulls. For it is not only on the Experimental Farm that the good bull shows his value, but also in actual business. Witness these typical statements of farmers—

"Some of our members sold their steers for 1 1/2¢ per pound more than those who did not use the association bull."

"One of our members sold 1 cattle this fall to a drover. They were the same age and had been reared under the same conditions. One

sired by a scrub bull brought \$40; the other sired by the association bull sold for \$25."

"Our caretaker reports that 11 two-year-old feeding steers sired by this bull were sold this spring for \$25 each when the purchaser refused to buy scrub steers of same age at \$40 each."

Every month while size of the beef type should be used to capacity in 1923. With prices of pure breeds down so low, a farmer is wise to buy one. Properly looked after it is sure to increase in value. Make arrangements now for a good sire this spring. If there is not a good pure bred bull in your district, write to the Department. It has policies that may be of help to you in securing a good bull.

## Quick Turnover Means More Profit

Quick turnover is as necessary in the beef cattle business as any other business. Bring your steers to early maturity. Never allow them to go long in condition. It's better, later, that they be sold at the market. Each head can't be delivered with started fenders, nor with horns and hoof the market wants. Each head can't be delivered with started fenders, nor with horns and hoof the market wants. Each head can't be delivered with started fenders, nor with horns and hoof the market wants. Each head can't be delivered with started fenders, nor with horns and hoof the market wants.

### The Beef Cattle Market

1. Well-finished steers will be in demand for slaughter in the latter part of March, in April and May.

2. Blocky steers, winter fed and of medium weight, unharmed, will be wanted from mid of March to May to go on British pasture.

3. Well-finished grade fed cattle for immediate slaughter in Britain—May and June. Want the high quality grade, early matured.

4. Grade-finished cattle will be wanted for the British market in August to November.

The scrub steer loses two ways—in the feed lot and at the market.

**Years of  
Experimental  
Work Prove That  
the Better the Steer the  
Bigger the Profit**

#### Ontario

Three years' work at Central Experimental Farm, Ontario, shows these averages: Good type steers cost \$4.50 per cwt. and sold at \$10.50. Poor type steers cost \$4.00 and sold at \$8.00. The good type steers made daily gains of 1.57 lbs. on only 1.25 lbs. of feed, while the poor ones gained only 1.25 lbs. a day and ate 2.57 lbs. of feed. That is, it cost \$1.25 to put a finished purebred good steer, against \$2.47 on poor steers.

Profit per steer, good type ..... \$6.00  
Profit per steer, poor type ..... 1.50

#### Nova Scotia

Experimental Farm at Kentville, Nova Scotia, good feeder steers, fed against 12 lbs. feed type.

Profit per steer, good type ..... \$10.00  
Profit per steer, poor type ..... \$3.00

#### Prince Edward Island

Three years' work at Charlottetown

Profit per steer, good type ..... \$12.50  
Profit per steer, poor type ..... 5.00

#### Alberta

Central Feeding farm at Lacombe

Profit per steer, good type ..... \$12.50  
(fed on 1 1/2% a pound)  
Profit per steer, poor type ..... 5.00  
(fed on 2% a pound)

**It's the Steer With Breeding That Does Best and Makes Most Money**

## Dehorn Your Cattle

It only costs from 15 to 18 cents per steer. It means from 50¢ to \$1.00 per hundred better in selling price. It means calving ease in the feed lot. It means willing action. This year's calf crop should be deborned within a few days of birth. The easiest method of doing so is to use the caustic method or fire. Dehorn your other cattle while the weather is still cool. The new or clipper. Send the coupon for literature on dehorning.

Issued by DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA

Hon. W. E. Rotherwell, Minister.

Dr. J. H. Grisdale, Deputy Minister.

**SEND THIS COUPON—YOUR LETTER NEEDS NO STAMPS**

PUBLICATIONS BRANCH, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA.

Please send me the following marked below with an X.

- (1) Beef Raising in Canada. \_\_\_\_\_ (4) Distribution of Pure Bred Bulls. \_\_\_\_\_  
(2) Dehorn Your Commercial Cattle. \_\_\_\_\_ (5) Finish the Feeders in Canada. \_\_\_\_\_  
(3) Winter Feeding. \_\_\_\_\_ (6) Report of your nearest Experimental station. \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

## CAUSE and EFFECT

A lady at McMillan, B. C., writes to *Hardwood-Camp, Ltd.*, that she has been showing bread at the fair there every year for five years, but never won a prize until this year, when she won **WHITE STAR YEAST** in making her bread for the "short and took **TWO FIRSTS AND A SECOND**"



Be prepared for your Spring work—by having your grocery order shipped Early. We deliver all goods prepaid if within 200 miles of Calgary.

Write for our complete Catalog—our prices are interesting.

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WATCH, CLOCK, SILVERWARE  
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Only expert workmen employed.  
All Work is Guaranteed.

### Jackson Bros.

Edmonton's Leading Jewellers,  
Watchmakers, etc.

Phone 1747, 9942 JASPER AVE.  
Canadian National Railway Watch  
Inspectors.

## Poultry! Poultry! Poultry!

Now is the time to sell your over-producing stock. Prices will reach their highest point from March 1 to April 15th. Ship your surplus stock to us. Good advice is my motto.

### SAM SHEININ

Public Market

Calgary

## The U.F.W.A. and Juniors

### AN INVITATION TO JUNIOR U.F.A. MEMBERS

The Young Men's Christian Association has extended an invitation to any boys who are members of the Junior U.F.A. to make exhibits in the Calgary Boys' Fair being promoted by the Y.M.C.A. to be held in the Y.M.C.A. Building, Calgary, April 4, 5, 6 and 7. The classes under which exhibits will be accepted are: Live Stock Department—pigeons, poultry, dogs, rabbits, ponies; Fine Arts—art, photography, penmanship, music, literature and oratory; Crafts and Hobbies—manual training, aeronautics, bird houses, industrial crafts, radio, collections, camp craft, swimming, entertainment. A male baby show will also be held. Prize lists may be secured by writing to the Calgary Boys' Fair, Y.M.C.A., Calgary.—J. E. Mied, Secretary Junior Branch.

### SUGGESTIONS FOR JUNIOR LOCALS

Mr. Carroll Way, director of the Junior U. F. A. for West Edmonton constituency, has written a letter containing some good suggestions for Junior U. F. A. Locals:

"First," says Mr. Way, "get the Local spirit. There are several ways to cultivate that. The most important is for each member to strive to make his or her Local the best in Alberta. It is not necessary to have the largest membership. If you have all the young people in your neighborhood, your chances are good.

"Community singing helps wonderfully. Have your meetings often enough, so that the members will not lose interest; then appoint some one who is capable of leading the singing. Pick out some good live songs and learn them. A plan which works very well is a half hour sing-song at each meeting, immediately after the business is finished. Encourage all to try to sing, whether they have a singing voice or not. If they can't sing they can make a joyful noise, and will feel better for having tried.

"Practice yells, and give these whenever the occasion arises with snap and pep. This puts enthusiasm into a bunch when nothing else will. Begin with the official Junior yell, and after that you can get any number which are adaptable to your Local. If you have a member with High School or College experience, he should be a good yell leader. Practice cheering until you can do it in unison and with lots of pep, and then don't be afraid to let people know who you are wherever you go.

"These things are great to keep the Local spirit up, but the Big Idea is that every member shall have the Local's good at heart, and always do his best to make each undertaking a success.

"Don't allow little quarrels to work their way into the Junior Local. We all have our personal differences, but the Local is not the place to air them. At our Local meetings, we should all be good pals and forget all hard feeling. If the Local is to succeed in whatever it attempts, it must have every member working for that success all the time.

"If there is another Junior organization within a reasonable distance, challenge them to some kind of a competition, either a debate or spelling match, or hockey game in winter; in the summer, baseball, basketball, track meet, football, or any good clean sport. Then boost your own side all the time. If you get beaten, go after them again. Some one must lose, but never sign on los-

ing. Always go in to win, and the worse it looks, the harder you should cheer.

"Here's hoping that the 'Junior Spirit' in Alberta will be strong enough to send at least three hundred delegates to University Week for Farm Young People next June."

There may be a few bright-eyed persons who do not realize that we have, growing up in this Province, a self-reliant, virile, progressive, new generation. The above letter is an indication of the "Junior Spirit" and should be an inspiration not only to the Juniors for whom it was intended, but to the seniors as well.

### SOME USEFUL BULLETINS

Miss Helen G. Campbell, lecturer and demonstrator in the Dominion Department of Agriculture, has prepared a series of bulletins on the following subjects: Why and How to Use Milk, Why and How to Use Cream, Why and How to Use Buttermilk, Why and How to Use Cheese, Why and How to Use Cottage Cheese. These pamphlets contain valuable information on the food value of dairy products and a number of good recipes. They will be furnished free upon application to Miss Helen G. Campbell, Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner's Office, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Canada.

## Some Legal Disabilities of Women

By George H. Ross, M.C.

### PART TWO

#### Void Marriages

In the case recited in the last issue of "The U. F. A.", although the man was wealthy and the woman was without property of any kind he was not required to pay her any allowance or turn-over any property to her.

A marriage may be void for any one of several reasons. Let me give you another illustration: In 1902 a slide occurred at Frank in which many human lives were lost. Working there at that time was a miner who shortly before had married a young girl. At the time of the slide he disappeared. Some ten years later the wife, believing her husband to be dead, married a farmer possessed of a mortgaged farm. At the time of the marriage he was worth less than \$500. Both worked hard and practiced economy. They paid off the mortgage and acquired other valuable property to the extent of \$35,000.

About two years ago the first husband, who turned out to be a worthless fellow, was seen in a mining town in Idaho. Upon this being verified, Husband Number Two, who had become vain over his splendid farm, and in love with another woman, told the woman whom he thought he married in 1912 that as her first husband was living she could not marry him, that she was a bigamist and would have to leave his home and rustle for herself. She left his home without a cent.

In England Husband Number Two would be required to provide for the woman. Alberta imposes no such duty on the man. She was without redress until our Federal Parliament awakened to the necessity for a comprehensive divorce law, the legislation of this Prov-



lives should legislate to protect the woman in such a case.

Alimony, and an Old Court Decision  
In Alberta the law as to alimony is very unsatisfactory. Alimony is an allowance, which by order of the court the husband is compelled to pay to his wife from whom he has been legally separated or divorced, for her support and maintenance. Usually it is allowed as an incident to proceedings for judicial separation or divorce, so that there is no doubt our Federal Government can legislate with regard to it. Our appeal court has held that alimony is also a matter of civil rights, and the Province may legislate with regard to it.

To entitle a wife to alimony, she must prove a valid and subsisting marriage, and either desertion or legal cruelty on the part of her husband. What is legal cruelty? The ecclesiastical courts in England undertook to define it in the year 1790. That decision is followed by our courts today. Under it the wife cannot recover alimony unless she establishes that the husband has subjected her to treatment likely to produce, or which did produce, physical illness or mental distress of a nature calculated permanently to affect her bodily health or endanger her reason, and that there is reasonable apprehension that the same state of things will continue.

In the words of Chief Justice Meredith of Ontario the husband "may subject his wife daily and even hourly to such treatment as makes her life a veritable hell upon earth, and she is without remedy if she is robust enough to suffer it all without impairment of her physical health or her mentality."

The reason for this harsh rule was stated by the court in the leading case in 1790 in these words: "The law in this respect has acted with its usual vision and humanity, with that true wisdom and that real humanity, that regards the general interests of mankind . . . when people understand that they must live together except for a very few reasons known to the law, they learn to soften by mutual accommodation that yoke which they know they cannot shake off; they become good husbands and good wives from the necessity of remaining husbands and wives; for necessity is a powerful master in teaching the duties which it imposes."

Petty Differences, and Brutality  
Such reasoning may be wise and humane in so far as petty differences between husband and wife are concerned; but there are cruelties short of endangering life or mentality which are not softened by mutual accommodation. In case of brutality, short of legal cruelty, it is the wife who suffers. She usually has less physical strength than her husband. If she does not remain with her children and endure the torture, her only alternative is to leave the home and the property she has helped to accumulate. As a rule she must leave the children, as she is without means to support them. On the other hand, if the wife is bad tempered or of a nagging disposition and the husband not physically strong enough to silence her or capable of making her life miserable, he can stay away from home and in this way escape from the society of his wife, and leave her to assume his family responsibilities.

In Quebec judicial separation may be in the discretion of the court be granted on the ground of outrage, ill usage or grievous insult. It is then our Legislature was taking some action, for cases of hardship are numerous.

(To be continued.)

## Our Mail Order Department

Extends to out of town people the same facilities and services we give to people of Calgary.

All you have to do is to send in the work by mail or express and write us a letter stating what you are sending and what you want done.

Upon request we will be pleased to send you a price list and any information desired.

### Empire Cleaning & Dyeing Co. Ltd.

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CALGARY, ALBERTA

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"More Bread and Better Bread"  
and Better Pastry too.

## USE IT IN ALL YOUR BAKING

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## HUNDREDS MORE WOMEN

You, thousands, would be making their own rugs if they realized how easy it is to learn to make the popular hooked rug. And what fascinating work it is. Just pulling loops of rug or yarn through a barbed pattern with a rug hook. Now these rugs do dress up the home. And they are made from material you have in the house now, cast off clothing, dress goods, underwear, blankets, hosiery, etc. Ask for our easy instructions for beginners. All you need is a rug hook and one of Garrett's Rug Patterns stamped in colors on strong barbed ready for hooking. Design sheet sent free on request showing 50 patterns at once. Send now. Address John E. Garrett, 21 Kamet St., New Orleans, Louisiana.

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FORO	MON	10
TO	AL	Wrist Watches
NAL	WIN	100
F	P	Female Pins
		1000
		Other Pins

The above prices per dozen. FULLY TO WHOLESALE who sends us in a correct answer to the above puzzle and will also get 10 dozen. Free to all who send us their answers. If you are willing to be told for us, send us your answer at once with name and address, and if correct we will send you the answer to all. This is our way to send right away to.

**SELFAST SPECIALTY CO.**  
DEPT. U.  
WATERFORD, ONTARIO

# FARMERS CAN HELP COLONIZATION

IN CONNECTION WITH THE IMMIGRATION  
CAMPAIGN BEING CARRIED ON OVERSEAS

## CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS INDUSTRIAL AND RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

WILL RECEIVE APPLICATIONS FROM FARMERS PREPARED TO ENGAGE FARM HELP (MALE OR FEMALE) FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR AT RATES OF WAGES CURRENT AT TIME OF ENGAGEMENT.

Farmers are to make application on a form that may be obtained from C. N. R. Station Agents. C. N. R. representatives overseas will endeavor to secure the class of help required in Great Britain, Belgium, Switzerland, Denmark, Holland, Norway and Sweden. The Governments of these countries stand ready to assist this class of their people to emigrate to Canada, but feel that they should be assured of employment for at least one year in order to gain sufficient Canadian farming experience to fit them for going on farms of their own. Farmers who are able to do so, can thus assist in colonization work by engaging help by the year. There will be no charge to the farmer for our service, nor will the farmer be required to make any cash advance for the travelling expenses of his help to the nearest railway station. The information necessarily asked for in these application forms, which will be held in strictest confidence, includes: the kind of help required—male or female—married or unmarried; date required and for how long; nationality desired; monthly wages offered; kind of work offered, etc.

APPLICATION FORMS FROM LOCAL STATION AGENT

R. C. W. LETT, General Agent  
EDMONTON, ALTA.

JOHN WARDROP, General Agent  
WINNIPEG, MAN.

## Canadian National Railways

INDUSTRIAL AND RESOURCES DEPARTMENT



Send Your Broken  
Glasses Here

Send the pieces. Let us examine your eyes for new glasses. If interested in Goggles, Field Glasses, Microscopes or Artificial Eyes, write us.  
Dept. 10, ALBERTA OPTICAL CO. LTD.  
100 Eighth Ave. W., Calgary, Alta.

## GOOD ENGLISH

Good English is the key to success in business, industry, and education. It is the language of the future. Write for particulars. International Correspondence School, 1125-12, Montreal, Canada.

In replying to advertisers, please mention "The U.F.A."

## BISSELL WIDE DISK FOR WESTERN GRAIN GROWERS

Flexible—Gauge hinged at four points to fit uneven ground.  
Light Draft—Equipped with 8 roller ball bearings.  
Durable—Frame is extra heavy, well braced and strong.

Axles are heavy square steel.  
Castings are extra strong.  
Many Years' Test proves its merits.

Furnished in 12-14-16 ft. widths.

Also equipped with Mandy Control for Tractor.  
T. E. BISSELL CO. LTD., Sarnia, Ont. For Sale by All JOHN DEERE Agents

## In the Legislature and the Departments

(By the Peasantry Commissioner, Edmonton)

A total of 24 bills were given assent by the Lieutenant-Governor on March 15th, these bills having passed through all their stages in the Assembly. These include the Act to incorporate the Alberta Association of Municipal Districts, Act to empower Canadian-American colonies to build and operate a railway, Act to assist Little Bow Irrigation District, extension of time to Calgary and S. W. Railway, amendments to Irrigation Districts Act, Act Respecting Community Grading, amendments to Street Inspection Act, 1922, Act Confirming Revised Statutes 1921, Act Respecting Blackyards, amendments to Brand Act, amendments to Game Act, amendments to Producers Merchants' Act, Act Respecting Private Grading Associations, amendments to Railway Act, Act to Assist Hay Lake Drainage District, amendments to Telephone and Telegraph Act, amendments to Agricultural Societies' Act, amendments to Agricultural Pests Act, amendments to Domestic Animals Act, Act to Assist New West Irrigation District.

### Results of Hopper Campaign.

A conservative estimate of the increase in value of the Alberta 1932 crop as a result of the success of the campaign against the grasshoppers, is placed at between eighteen and twenty million dollars, according to returns made to the Department of Agriculture by secretaries of municipal districts, U.F.A. Locals in local improvement districts, and others.

E. H. Strickland, professor of entomology at the University, who assisted the department in the campaign last year, states that there is a most disappointing feature, however, and that is the fact that the more sandy districts of the infested territory suffered from a severe re-infestation by the lesser migratory grasshopper during the latter part of last summer. Favored by an open fall, this species laid more than its usual complement of eggs. The area covered by the invasion of this species appears to be the north eastern portion of the province as far north as the Great Lakes Sea, being specially in evidence in the extensive sandy area north of Medicine Hat and along the line from Hanna to Stettin.

### Price of Gasoline.

If there is any profiteering in the price charged for gasoline in Alberta, it is not within the boundaries of the Province, according to an interim report on an investigation into this matter, presented in the Legislature by Premier Greenfield. The report shows that gasoline which costs 24¢ cents in Great Falls, costs 44¢ cents in Alberta, 12 cents of the difference being freight, 7½ cents customs and 4½ cents accounted for by the difference between the American and Canadian gallon.

### Seed Grain Guarantee.

In announcing that guarantees for seed grain would be discontinued this season, Premier Greenfield stated in the Legislature that the experience of the Province had not been a happy one in the past, in respect to this matter, and submitted the following figures:

Total amount guaranteed and advanced for seed grain relief and rye in municipal districts to Dec. 31st, 1932	\$6,098,596.92
Total advanced for seed grain to organized districts to Dec. 31, 1932	1,791,722.96
	\$7,890,319.88

Total reductions including cancellations in respect of municipal districts advances and guarantees	1,292,515.46
Total reduction in respect of unorganized districts advances and guarantees	\$44,911.39

Total net advances and guarantees, Dec. 31, 1932	\$6,542,822.51
--	----------------

This total is made up as follows:  
Balance due to Province on amounts of guarantees taken

Municipal districts	\$2,111,421.94
Unorganized districts	1,264,672.17
Balance due on amounts under guarantees outstanding—Municipal districts	991,379.34
Unorganized districts	178,326.04
	\$4,445,800.49

### Security Exhausted.

"Without doubt many of these advances cannot be repaid by the individuals to whom they were made, and in many cases the security of the individual has been exhausted. The result is certain that a very considerable portion of the outstanding debt must be borne by the taxpayers of the Province in general," said the Premier.

Fully Patented.



Manufactured Only by

### Cream Grading Improved.

Both Saskatchewan and Manitoba have an order of 400,000 gallons of cream being sold in the last month of the year. It is estimated that the cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons. The cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons.

According to figures from the Ontario Milk Producers' Association, the cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons. The cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons.

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The cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons. The cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons. The cream sold in the last month of the year will be 400,000 gallons.

### ALL FOR NEW EXEMPTION TO REPLACEMENT DROUGHT RELIEF ACT

Continued from page 81  
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# The Most Complete Cattle Selling Organization in Canada--

In the Co-operative Selling Organization.

It has agents on every market in Canada, the United States and Great Britain where Canadian cattle are sold.

Daily reports from every market show where cattle can be sold to best advantage.

The big volume of cattle handled enables them to be sorted up to even our lots to suit requirements of the different markets.

Cattle are handled at cost for producers.

Co-operative cattle selling has already made money for hundreds of Western Farmers. Soon thousands will receive the benefit.

And the more farmers who use it, the bigger the volume of cattle handled, the greater will be the profit of each producer from the new plan.

The Co-operative Selling Organization can take care of all the cattle sent them, and get more money for producers than they can get under any other plan.

Consign cattle to Co-operative Selling Department, Calgary, Alta., Edmonton, Alta., or St. Boniface, Manitoba.

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS

THE ORGANIZED FARMER IN BUSINESS

Use this  
Coupon to

get the circular that tells all about Co-operative Selling and how to consign your cattle to get the benefit of the new plan.

Co-operative Sales Department

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LIMITED  
CALGARY • WINNIPEG • EDMONTON

Please send circular about Co-operative Cattle Selling.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

U. F. A.

## The Canadian Pacific Railway

WILLIAMS, J. L. 1990. *Field and Laboratory Studies of the Biology of the American Oystercatcher, *Pluvialis dominica*, in the Chesapeake Bay*. M.S. thesis, University of Maryland, College Park.

# Farm Help for Western Farmers

19. **THEORY OF THE EARTH AND ITS HISTORY**

The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable *Perceived Organizational Support*. The independent variables are *Organizational Commitment*, *Organizational Identification*, and *Organizational Attraction*. The table includes the regression coefficients, standard errors, and t-statistics for each variable.

Variable	Regression Coefficient	Standard Error	t-Statistic
Organizational Commitment	0.12	0.03	3.87
Organizational Identification	0.08	0.02	3.21
Organizational Attraction	0.05	0.01	4.56

[illegible][illegible]

Year	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
Population	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	4

Year	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100
1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	

**Language PL** (propositional logic) is a simple language with a finite set of propositional variables and a finite set of propositional connectives. The language is defined by the following grammar:

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 2000; 284: 2689-2694.

# SERVICE

**Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited**

## HEAD OFFICE GALLERY

Branch #5500 WILMINGTON, MA. VANCOUVER, B.C.

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

1. **Preparation of the sample**

**Figure 1**

11. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 2000; 283: 2689-2694.

## Credit Inquiry May Be Exhaustive One

**Private Strength to Grow Last Season  
Will Boost Revenue This Year**

1. Identifying the self—The subject of the study was a 26-year-old male, white, married, and employed as a maintenance worker at a private hospital. He was born in the United States and had been living in the United States for 10 years. He was a member of the United States Army and had been in the United States Army for 10 years. He was a member of the United States Army and had been in the United States Army for 10 years.

[illegible]

There is a great deal of interest in the subject of the "New Deal" and the "New Deal" is a very important part of the history of the United States. The "New Deal" was a series of programs and policies that were implemented by the Federal Government in the 1930s. It was designed to help the economy recover from the Great Depression and to provide relief to the people who were suffering from the effects of the depression. The "New Deal" was a very important part of the history of the United States and it has had a lasting impact on the country.

[illegible]

The following information is being furnished to you for your information only. It is not intended to be used for any other purpose. It is not to be distributed outside your organization. It is not to be used for any other purpose. It is not to be distributed outside your organization. It is not to be used for any other purpose. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.

## Marketing Scheme Makes Good Progress

Twelve of Pincher Creek Co-operative Association of the U. F. A., Ltd., shows Substantial Increase.

Indicating the substantial progress which has been made by the Pincher Creek Co-operative Association of the U. F. A., Ltd., since the association began to handle the produce of members in November of last year, the statement given below shows that the business in January was almost as great as in the two months of November and December combined. The statement has been prepared for "The U. F. A." by Stephen Lunn, secretary of the association. "Judging by the number of letters that we have received, asking for information concerning this association," says Mr. Lunn, "this statement will prove of interest. Owing to the fact that we were not able to get started before November, it was not possible to obtain as much hay as would otherwise have been the case, several having already sold their crop."

The statement for the months of November, December and January is as follows:

November and December, 1931		
	Pounds	Value
No. 1 timothy	408,122	\$ 5,835.00
No. 2 timothy	440	6.00
Wild hay	76,800	775.00
Green feed	84,047	725.00
Corn	342,094	4,735.00
Dressed meat	1,154	217.00
Poultry		6,000.00
Miscellaneous		15.00
		\$15,134.00

January, 1932		
	Pounds	Value
No. 1 timothy	408,122	\$ 1,105.00
No. 2 timothy	39,249	575.00
Wild hay	5,548	27.00
Green feed	22,820	194.00
Corn	354,225	2,892.00
Dressed meat	1,154	112.00
Live stock		4,975.00
Miscellaneous		124.00
		\$16,568.00

Mr. Lunn states: "The grain mentioned was nearly all off grade wheat, for which a very satisfactory price was obtained. The poultry item includes a car of turkeys."

"In addition to the above two cars of timothy seed have been cleaned and are now ready for sale. The association was also able to get a market for some produce that would have otherwise been unsalable."

In the month of January a gain of \$694 was made for the members. This is based on the difference in the price that was obtained and the price that was paid locally through the usual channels."

A complete description of the plan upon which the Pincher Creek Co-operative Association of the U. F. A., Ltd., is organized, was published in "The U. F. A." of November 1st, 1931.

### BRIEF COURSE CANCELLED

Owing to the number of registrations for the short course in rural leadership, planned by the University of Alberta for the week of March 12th to 18th, having been insufficient, this course was cancelled by the University authorities.

### LAND PASSING TO CAPITALISTS

"We may look ahead to the land passing into the hands of capitalists, and its operation by trusts," said Professor O. L. Walker, of the State College of Washington, in addressing the Washington Irrigation Institute on November 16th, on the question of the development of new lands.

Get our Prices and Samples before purchasing your

## SEED OATS

Gillespie Grain Company Ltd.

Seed : Hay : Feed

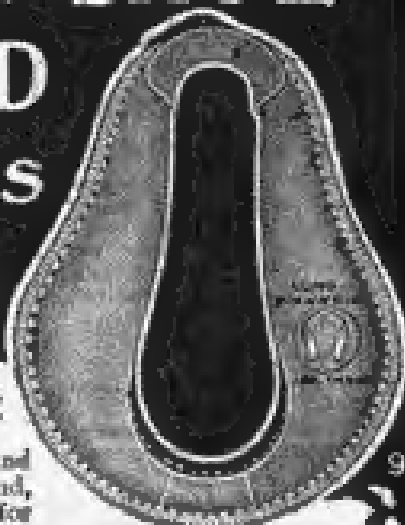
EDMONTON, ALTA.

## HORSE SHOE BRAND HARNESS AND COLLARS

The Best You can Get

You can't get better Harness and Collars than Horse Shoe Brand, yet the price is no more than for ill-fitting, inferior quality, untrade-marked goods. It pays to buy the best. The Horse Shoe Trade Mark is your buying guide. Look for the Stamp on Horse Tag and Bill of Collars.

Buy From Your Local Dealer



### BRISSELL Mulcher-Packer

Levels Fields, Crushes  
Clods, Cultivates  
Crops.



With  
groove  
shower-  
crop  
yield.

Sold by

All John

Deere Agents.

Make the best seed bed.

T. E. BRISSELL CO. LTD., Stn. Gt.

## POULTRY

Read at once to save time and learn the best

methods of breeding, raising, caring,

feeding, shelter, and protection,

and inspection and other matters,

and a complete poultry record and

others proving the best.

Write for Free Sample.

Illustrated Poultry Book.

Canadian, Limited.

Box 1742 Stn. Gt.



## HORSE SHOW

### BULL SALE

CALGARY, APRIL 5 to 7

\$8,000 for Prizes in Horses

Canadian Live Stock Branch offers  
1400 for five geldings or grade  
mares, the get off one heavy draft  
stallion.

It is expected there will be  
500 TESTED BULLS  
Shed and Baby Breeds.

For Catalogue and Price List,  
write

E. L. RICHARDSON, Secy.  
Alberta Live Stock Association  
Calgary

We want you to become a seed and  
beamer for Campbell's Seeds

**FREE!**

Cut out this ad. and fill  
the blank space with  
your name and address  
and we will mail you  
our book telling all about

## Campbell's Seed

Also we will send you a trial packet  
of our seeds free.

Name

P.O.

Box or R.R. No.

Mark which you prefer: ☐ Vegetable ☐ Flower

**THE CAMPBELL FLORAL  
& SEED CO.**  
224 Eighth Avenue West  
CALGARY ALBERTA

## Cylinder Reboring and Grinding

If your Engine is losing compression, have it re-bored and ground by Experts. We do this work thoroughly and accurately and have many references from satisfied customers. Work guaranteed.

**The Calgary Iron  
Works, Ltd.**  
418-430 NINTH AVE. EAST

## "Oats Suitable for Seed"

Inquire of  
**BONE GRAIN COMPANY, LTD.**  
415 Lancaster Bldg., Calgary

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

### LEGAL

## A. T. MODE

Barrister, Solicitor Notary Public

## MONEY TO LOAN

200-201 Kitchen Block, 121st Street  
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**Woods, Sherry, Colleson & Field  
Woods, Sherry, Macalister & Craig**  
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alister, W. D. Craig, and J. D. G.  
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**W. H. SELLAR**  
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## McCANNEL BROS. & CO.

Chartered Accountants

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Phone 4273

## BLACK LEG

100% PROTECTION FOR LIFE

Just one vaccination with  
Gutter's Liquid or Solid  
Blackleg Vaccine. Also  
body oil. Gutter's Solid Vaccine  
is guaranteed to protect for  
life. Gutter's Liquid Vaccine  
is available locally, sold

## The Gutter Laboratory

"The Laboratory that Saves Lives"  
Berkeley U.S.A. (Calif.) California  
MR.—Old Style Powder and PS Vaccines will make  
his sheep who profit from them.

## Easy Now to Rid Your Farm of Gophers

Wonderful Discovery by Noted Scientist  
Kills Every Gopher Within a  
Week's Time.

Gophers cost farmers over two hundred  
millions of dollars a year, through the de-  
struction of crops and damage to land.  
Farmers need no longer suffer this loss be-  
cause they can now kill off all the gophers  
on their farms in less than a week's time.  
This is possible through the remarkable  
discovery of Dr. R. K. Alexander, a chemist  
who has perfected a virus which kills  
gophers and rats as though by magic. This  
product is not a poison—it can be eaten by  
human beings or any animal on the farm as  
safely as their regular food, but means  
quick, sure death to gophers and can be  
safely used in places where it is dangerous  
to put out poison.



This wonderful gopher virus, which is  
known as Alexander Gopher-Killer, is used  
in addition to strychnine poison. The strychnine  
is put in the gopher tunnels in the usual  
manner, using cut sweet potatoes for bait.  
This kills part of the gophers, but every  
farmer knows that poison won't kill them all  
and the gophers that are left alive multiply  
again very rapidly. By the use of the virus,  
however, all the gophers are killed which  
cannot be reached by poison. The disease is  
pathogenic—gophers only can catch it.

The virus is merely mixed with bread or  
meat scraps and placed where gophers, rats  
or mice can get to it. Within a few hours  
after a gopher has eaten Alexander Virus  
Gopher-Killer he gets a high fever and suf-  
fers a terrible throat. He leaves his pits  
and nesting holes and goes to the open field  
in search of pure air and running water.

It is a scientific fact that one gopher at-  
tacks others and soon the whole colony dies.  
And though this virus is absolutely deadly  
to gophers—chickens, hogs, cattle, or any  
farm animal can eat it and not be affected  
at all—therefore it can be spread around  
anywhere without the slightest danger.

No conflict in Dr. Alexander that his  
combination strychnine and virus Gopher-  
Killer will kill every gopher on your farm  
in less than a week's time that he offers  
to send, as an introductory offer, a regular  
\$2.00 supply of strychnine and virus for only  
\$1.00. Give it according to directions, and  
if at the end of a week's time you are able  
to discover any gophers, rats or mice on  
your farm, your money will be refunded. A  
big Toronto bank guarantees that Dr. Alex-  
ander is reliable and will do as he says.

Send No Money—Just your name and ad-  
dress to R. K. Alexander, Alexander Labo-  
ratories, 211 Toronto, Toronto, Canada, and  
the big supply of strychnine and virus will be  
mailed at once on the guarantee that if not  
absolutely satisfactory your money will be  
returned without question. Write today and  
stop your gopher losses now.—Advt.

## CALL FOR NEW LEGISLATION TO REPLACE DROUGHT RELIEF ACT.

(Continued from page 11)

Tope declared that out of the millions of  
dollars invested in Alberta through his com-  
pany, the Canada Life, only 2 per cent, or  
the mortgage were badly in arrears. H. A.  
Howard, of the Trust and Guarantee Com-  
pany, Ltd., said that 99 per cent of his com-  
pany's loans were in good standing, and not  
more than 5 to 10 per cent, were in a serious  
condition of arrears. Another representative  
of the Mortgage Association, W. T. Cough-  
ton, Edmonton, asserted that as soon as  
mortgage loans were made attractive there  
would be a flow of capital into the Province.

The views of the Royal Merchants' Asso-  
ciation were presented by James McKee, who  
declared that although the problem of the  
north country had been regarded as the  
most serious, many parts of the north coun-  
try were as badly affected.

Mr. Corbett said that the banks were will-  
ing to consider a reduction of interest on  
individual cases, on the recommendation of  
Mr. Froom. Mr. Tope, when the question  
was put to him, said he would have to con-  
sult his company and his association.

### The Resolution

The resolution finally adopted by the meet-  
ing read as follows:

"Whereas this conference is assembled for  
the purpose of considering ways and means  
looking to a solution of the temporary finan-  
cial embarrassment of many farmers in the  
Province.

"And whereas any form of funding such  
as has been suggested here and elsewhere  
could only be solved and finally concluded  
after a long period of time, even if found  
practicable, and in the meantime effort-  
necessary for bringing about such a funding  
scheme would create an unusual precedent,  
and have far-reaching effects on the individ-  
ual citizen and general credit of the Prov-  
ince.

"And whereas the desired relief to indi-  
viduals and not general, and no scheme  
should be evolved that includes more than  
those individual cases requiring relief.

"Therefore this conference is of the opin-  
ion that any funding scheme is not presently  
feasible, and that the Drought Relief Act  
should be repealed and that there should be  
substituted therefor such legislation as will  
fairly protect the debtor and his creditors.

"That such legislation should avoid blanket  
protection and any other features involving  
monopolism and tending to interfere with  
or discourage the free flow of capital for  
investment into the Province.

The Calgary horse show and bull sale will  
be held on April 12 to 15. Price lists and  
sale catalogue may be obtained from E. L.  
Hinchinson, secretary of the Alberta Live-  
stock Association, Calgary.

### LICENSE EXPIRED LAST SEPTEMBER.

Inquiries have been received by "The U.F.  
A." in regard to the Canadian Farm Imple-  
ment Co., Ltd., shares in which company  
have been on sale in this Province.

According to official information the cer-  
tificates granted to the company by the Al-  
berta Board of Public Utility Commissioners  
expired on September 31st last, renewals  
being refused owing to the company not  
complying with the requirements of the  
Board. The Board withheld the issuing of  
licenses to the agents of the company at the  
beginning of 1937, and the company had to  
properly licensed agents after that date. If  
any person subscribed for stock in the com-  
pany in 1937 through an agent such applica-  
tion was not in order, and the applicant  
might make demand upon the company for  
the cancellation of his application and return  
of the money. This would apply only in  
cases where purchase was made through an  
agent.

"Money is only a mechanism by means of  
which we deal with things—it has no pro-  
tection, except those which we choose to give  
it. A phrase such as 'There is no money in  
the country to do such and so' means simply  
nothing, unless we are able to define it. The  
goods and services required to do this kind  
do not exist and cannot be produced; there-  
fore it is useless to create the money equiv-  
alent of them."—Major C. H. Douglas, in "The  
Control and Distribution of Production."

## ARE WE MAKING FULL USE OF OUR ASSOCIATION?

(Continued from page 1).

their membership being kept in good order.  
To substantiate that we have only to look  
at the 1931 roll, when we had the definite  
objective of taking an active part in the  
governing of our Province and Dominion.

I am quite aware that there are parts of  
the Province where the very small sum that  
we are asked to contribute cannot be spared.  
All the more reason for the rest of us to  
keep the roads ahead.

## POULTRY AND EGGS

**YOUR CHANCE NOW! SECURE START** in Newcomb's "Quality" White Wyandottes. Carefully inspected since 1914. They lay in winter. Settings \$2.00 per 15; \$3.00 per 25. Baby chicks 40c each. Supply limited. Sunny Hill Poultry Farm, Orono, Alta.

**ROSE COMB WHITE LEGHORN COCK.** sets, high class, vigorous birds, \$3.00 each, 1 for \$2.00. John Tough, Delap, Alta.

**PURE-BRED BARRED ROCK COCKERS** from layers and winners, \$1.00 each; second to come on the farm. Apply early for choice. Joseph G. Parker, Nottelord, Alta.

**BETTER BABY CHICKS, SAFE HATCHING** eggs. Our well known Leghorns, Wyandottes, Rocks, giving customers 177-184 eggs each, in nine months hatching. Columbia Poultry Ranch, Streveton, B. C.

**CHOICE B.C. RHODE ISLAND RED** Cockerels, \$2.50 set; bred 9 years from Medicine Hat and Calgary prize winners; satisfaction guaranteed. C. Wood, Irricana, Alta. 26-28

**MYERS' ROSE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS** are the kind that lay eggs all the time, winter or summer. Eggs, \$1.50 per setting, \$3.00 per hundred. Send for folder. D. M. Myers, 2114 24A St. West, Calgary.

**FOR SALE—B.C. RHODE ISLAND REDS** and Barred Plymouth Rocks. Breeding males from selected stock, \$4.00 each. Day-old chicks to June 1st, 25c each, after, 30c each. Hatching eggs from birds with B.C.P. records over 150 eggs, \$1.00 per setting of fifteen. Three settings \$3.00. Flock matings, \$1.00 per setting of fifteen, \$3.00 per hundred. C. P. H. Demonstration Farm, Strathmore, Alberta.

**SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS, ROSE** comb White Leghorns, single comb Brown Leghorns, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Light Brahmae, Partridge Wyandottes, African geese, Bronze turkeys. Jas. A. Jackson, Leduc, Alta.

**FERRIS NO EGG STRAIN WHITE LEG-**horns and single comb Rhode Island Reds; 15 eggs for \$1.00; 25 for \$1.50; 50 for \$2.50; infertiles replaced. J. T. Rogers, Strathmore, Alta.

**ROSE COMB BROWN LEGHORN HATCH-**ing eggs from prize winners and heavy layers. Also pen Buff Leghorns cheap for quick sale. Send for list. D. Yeatman, Ogden, Alta.

**BARRED ROCK EGGS—6 YEARS BREED-**ing from Gold's famous Vega strain; early and persistent layers. \$2.50 per 15; \$3.00 per 25. Mrs. E. Mason, Crossfield, Alta.

**DARK AND LIGHT BARRED ROCK** cockerels, \$2.00. Dark Barred Rock eggs bred from prize winners, \$2.00 setting. Pekin duck eggs from champions at Edmonton Provincial Show, \$2.00 setting. A. E. Stuphens, Leduc, Alberta.

**WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKERELS,** beautiful, mature and all winter; \$2.50, two for \$4.00 (pairs). Mrs. T. E. Robinson, Hardisty, Alta.

**PURE-BRED WHITE HOLLAND TURKEY** hens, May hatch. Each \$4.00. J. T. Sand, Edberg, Alta.

**HEALTHY BRONZE GOBBLERS FROM** large stock \$2.00. Mrs. Thos. E. Robinson, Hardisty, Alta.

**PURE BRED TOULOUSE GESE AND** geanders, \$1.00; Hens and Aylesbury ducks and drakes, \$2.00. Mrs. H. I. Gray, Whetia, Alta.

Classified Advertising  
SectionWANT, SALE AND EXCHANGE  
COLUMNS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in this section for three cents per word per insertion. Count each initial as a full word, also count each set of four figures as a full word, as for example, "A. J. Smith" has 3,000 bushels of Oats for sale" contains 10 words. Be sure to give your correct name and address. Do not have any replies sent to U.F.A. Central Office. Name and address will be counted as part of the advertisement and must be paid for at the same rate. All advertisements will be classified under the heading which applies most nearly to the article advertised. Orders for classified advertisements must be accompanied by cash, and must reach us at least eight days in advance of date of publication, which are the 1st and 15th of each month. Communications must also reach us eight days in advance.

Address all correspondence to "The U.F.A.", Loughheed Building, Calgary, Alta.

## SEED AND FEED.

**HAY FOR SALE—NO. 1 UPLAND, TIMO-**thy, baled out green-feed, oat and wheat straw, alfalfa and feed oats. We can quote you good prices. Write or wire us your order. Farmers Hay & Grain Co., Grain Exchange Bldg., Calgary.

**FEED AND SEED OATS, HAY AND** green feed for sale. W. E. Hunter, Onda, Alta.

**FOR SALE—TIMOTHY SEED AT 10c LB.** or 15c lbs. for \$1.00. Oatmeal, clover straw. See each. L. O. Felland, Wainwright, Alta.

**SELLING RUBY WHEAT FROM REGIS-**tered seed; matures 30 days. Safer crop than oats in Northern districts. Re-cleaned, bagged, 1.50 bushel L.A.B. Railway. Robert McAllister, Medora, P. O. Alberta.

**FOR SALE—3,000 BUSH, BANNER OATS,** good quality. Price 20 cents L.A.B. Inland. Alta. L. C. Hilt, Dalmat, Alta.

**MOST NORTHERLY GROWN ALPACA** seed in North America—Green. Hanson's Green, Hanson's Yellow Flowered. Write for prices. Paramount Angus Farm, Rife, Alta.

**HAY FOR SALE—IRRIGATED UPLAND,** in old bottom, all good green feed. Car lots \$15.00 ton. F. W. Prescott, Maple Creek, Sask.

**SEED POTATOES—TO SECURE MAXI-**mum returns necessitate high class vigorous seed with years of right selection behind it, grown by the original producer of certified and registered potatoes in Alberta. Certified Cockerels \$1.00 bushel, also Registered Cockerels, first generation. P. T. Rickert, Strathcona, B.R. 1. Phone 2714.

## LEGAL AND PATENTS

**FORD, MILLER & HARVEY, BARRISTERS,** Solicitors and Patent Attorneys and Agents for all countries. 207 Alberta Corner, Calgary. Patent drawings and applications prepared by our own staff, ensuring security and prompt service.

## LIVESTOCK.

**FELIX OHBERS, ANISK, ALTA., IS NOW** selling first class registered Angus steers at very low prices. Write him your order.

**A FEW CHOICE YOUNG SHORTHORN** bulls by imp. (Duffin bred) bull. Would exchange for bred Yorkshire girls. W. H. Tice, Aldred, Alta.

## SWINE.

**YORKSHIRES, CHOICE BREEDING, M. A.** Howes & Sons, Milled, Alberta.

**REGISTERED BERKSHIRE BRED GILTS,** Ancon blood strain. Apr 8 farrow; eligible registration; \$25.00. J. Nathan, Medicine, Alta.

**SALE OR EXCHANGE — PURE-BRED** Berkshire boar, bacon type; 4 years. J. B. Tice, Bowden, Alta.

## LAND AND LEASES.

**BRITISH COLUMBIA, ALBERTA LAND,** houses, exchange stock, machinery. "We trade everything." Widdip's Limited, Calgary.

**FARM FOR SALE—\$1000 CASH; FRAME** buildings, good well, fenced, cross-fenced; terms \$500 cash, \$500 down, \$500. Alta.

## NURSERY STOCK

**NOW IS THE TIME TO PLANT YOUR** spring planting. We grow the finest Trees, Shrubs and Fruits obtainable at our Nurseries at Brooks, Alberta. Write Western Nursery Co., 421 Fifth Avenue W., Calgary.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**CAN POTATOES FOR SALE—MAKE ME** an offer L.A.B. Tompkins. Also good Pycheron station. Minion Brown, Tompkins, Sask.

**HIGHEST PRICES FOR RAW FURS—S&M** Fur Co. Factory and Mail Order Dept., 213 10th Ave. West, branch, 1119 1st St. West, Calgary, Alberta. 26

**U. F. A. LOCALS AND ASSOCIATIONS.** Write us for the lowest price possible on coal, car lots. J. G. Slater, Weyburn, Alta.

**SAVE MONEY BY BUYING YOUR SHOES** and rubbers from us. We sell by mail only and sell cheap, and guarantee all goods satisfaction. Send for our catalog. Mention this paper and receive a valuable coupon. The Waterman Shoe Co., Calgary.

**JUNIOR GASOLINE MANTLES, 25 CENTS** dozen postpaid. Dominion Lamp & Mosaic Co., Box 211, Edmonton.

**SIXTY YEARS OF PROTECTION IN CAN-**ada, by Edward Gerritt. This is the classic work on the history of Tariff Making in the Dominion. The author reveals the business influences which for sixty years have been brought to bear on politicians by the interests which profit by tariffs and build up great fortunes at the expense of the Basic Industry and the general consumer. A limited number of copies are available at Central Office. This book is now out of print and this is the last opportunity for students of the tariff problem to obtain this standard work. Orders will be filled in the order received until the supply is exhausted. Price \$1.00 postpaid, cash with order or C.O.D. from U. F. A. Central Office, Loughheed Building, Calgary.

## HEALTH

**ARE YOU TROUBLED WITH WEAK** arches, bunions or calluses? If so, write for our catalogue. Our Arch Support has given relief to many and it does not cost any more than an ordinary shoe. Mention this paper and get a valuable coupon. The Waterman Shoe Co., Calgary.

## HORSEHAIR

We will pay 25c per lb., delivered in Calgary, for any quantity Man and Tail Horsehair.

J. E. LOVE

66 FOURTH ST. EAST, CALGARY

## CANCER

and Tumors successfully treated (removed) without knife or pain. All work guaranteed. Come, or write for free Satisfaction Book. Dr. WILLIAMS SANATORIUM, 201 University St., Vancouver, B.C.

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CHIROPRACTOR

Chronic Cases a Specialty  
X-Ray Laboratory in Office  
Third Floor, Leeson-Linham Block  
CALGARY

# IMPORTANT NOTICE TO U.F.A. MEMBERS

We pay all forwarding charges on orders of \$5.00 and over. This is an excellent opportunity for U. F. A. members, or a group of neighbors, to club together, and save considerable money. Do not forget that these are all genuine British Army Surplus Equipment, O.K.'s by British Government Inspectors, and made of absolutely the best material it is possible to secure anywhere. You must be satisfied beyond question, or your money will be refunded.

## BRITISH GOVERNMENT RIDING BREECHES

Our line of Riding Breeches for this season's business has been secured direct from large British Government Army stocks in London, and we can guarantee that they are the most sensational values in Western Canada today. Stocked in sizes 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42. State size when ordering.



British Army RIDING BREECHES, made of genuine English whipcord, with double seat, hip pockets, two front pockets, waist pockets, belt straps, faced legs. \$2.95

British Army RIDING BREECHES, made of genuine English Corduroy. \$2.75

British Army RIDING BREECHES, made of genuine Bedford Cord, officers' pattern, with buckskin strappings. Most sensational value in Riding Breeches today. \$4.45

British Army RIDING BREECHES, made of English Union Tweed, officers' pattern, with lined strappings and side pockets, only. Exceedingly well made for ladies' wear. \$5.45

British Officers' RIDING BREECHES, most extraordinary value, made of English Wood Bedford Cord, with genuine buckskin strappings. Best procurable, and will wear for years. Usually sold at \$12.00. \$12.50

## BRITISH ARMY LEGGINGS

All-weather Leggings, spring front hooked, without seam at back, (see illustration). Cut from best parts of hides only, and all straps sewn on by hand. Stout, good-looking and hard-wearing, and especially suitable for riding and farm wear. Guaranteed best on market. Per pair. \$2.75



## BRITISH ARMY SHIRTS

Army Shirts, of natural grey flannel, double-breasted, reinforced at shoulder & elbow. Extra special value at each.

\$2.50

British Officers' Shirts, of Khaki flannel, with detachable collar; two pockets. Ideal for farm wear. \$3.00

## GENUINE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HORSE BLANKETS \$3.25 each

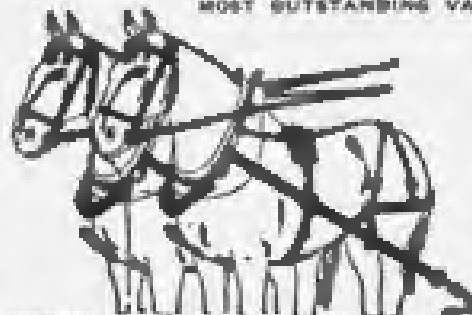
Shipped direct to us from England, from British Government Ordnance Depot stocks. Our customers tell us that thousands of this quality are sold by retailers in the West at from \$12.00 to \$15.00 per pair, and we have had offers from wholesalers and large retailers to buy large quantities at the same price we are asking you. Very warmly lined, and made with two surfaces with three layers. Order now for future requirements.

All remittances must be made by money order or express orders. No cheques received unless accepted by bank. Please state remittance when sending order.



## HEAVY TEAM HARNESS \$45.00 Per Set

MOST OUTSTANDING VALUE IN CANADA TODAY



This Harness was Specially Made in England for the Canadian Army. No harness sold in Canada today is made of such stout, durable leather, and it is Easily Worth, at current market prices, Double the Price we ask. We cannot guarantee immediate delivery of more than 500 sets, as when we placed our order the British Government had released only a very small part of their big stocks, but we are advised that weekly consignments will begin to arrive at our depot towards the end of March, and all orders received after the first 500 sets are sold will be filled in rotation. Most of these sets were used only a few weeks before the close of the war. Guaranteed in first-class condition, and the most remarkable value ever offered to the farmers of the West. Any farmer needing team harness at any time this year would be well advised to Place an Order immediately.

## YOUR MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED

ON ALL ORDERS. Reference: Canadian Bank of Commerce

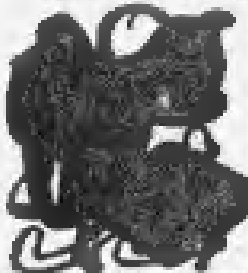
## BRITISH OFFICERS' TRENCH BOOTS

\$3.00 per pair

Leather lined, 14 inches high, real English slip-resistant soles, sewed and stitched to feet, full watertight tongue, solid all-leather ankle and heel, two single solid heel soles. Made in a beautiful shade of nut brown, with black toes, easy fitting. Many cheaper lines, but none compare with these for quality. Worth twice the money. Sold on a 30 day money-back guarantee. There are guaranteed British Army stocks of the highest quality.



## COMPLETE SADDLE OUTFIT—\$12.50



This saddle outfit has taken the West by storm during the past few months. The first customers sent their money dubiously, wondering how we could sell such a magnificent outfit at such a low price. Don't forget that it's a complete outfit—Genuine All-leather British Government Cavalry Saddle, with cinch and stirrups, 4 1/2 lb. all-wood saddle blanket, riding bridle with reins and bit, and military lathering robe—all for \$12.50.

## PART-WORN BRITISH ARMY WEB HAVERSACKS

Complete with leather straps, (see illustration). These are ideal for school or lunch bags. Each \$4.50

New Plain Haversacks, 18 inches square, complete with shoulder straps \$3.00

## British Army TEAM LINER

25 feet long, made of the finest leather. You cannot make a mistake at, per set \$1.00

## Genuine British Army All-Leather BOOTS

We have secured the most amazing values in genuine British Army Boots ever offered in Western Canada. We have no fear of competition—compare our values with those you can obtain elsewhere.

## SOUTH AFRICAN FIELD BOOTS—\$5.50 per pair

We placed them

on the Western Canada market last fall, and the immense number of our satisfied customers is a sufficient guarantee that they were all we claim them to be. Made by British manufacturers for the British Army, of full kip leather, with two single solid butt soles, leather lined throughout. Ideal for the hardest wear on the farm. Drop-proof fitting between upper and first sole; solid first all-leather sole, patent waterproof layer between the two soles; solid solid heel outer sole, fully damp and waterproof; and double waterproof tongue. Note the stamp on the sole; no others genuine.



## BRITISH OFFICERS' BOOTS



hardest-wearing on the market today. Per pair \$4.00

## BRITISH OFFICERS' SEMI-WILLOW CALF BOOTS

A boot made specially for British officers, and of superior quality for the farmer who wishes appearance and style in addition to quality. Goodway welt, sewed and stitched. Amazing value at \$4.00



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